## **Abstract**

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The invention relates to a magneto-inductive method for determining the flow rate of a medium flowing through a measuring tube (2) in the direction of the measuring tube axis.

In order to be able to detect a coating formation on a measuring electrode early and with a high degree of certainty, a test pulse  $(U_p)$  of defined pulse length  $(t_p)$  is issued to the measuring electrode (3,4); at least one signal in response to the test pulse  $(U_p)$  is determined at at least two measuring points in time  $(t_1, t_2)$ , wherein the measuring points in time  $(t_1, t_2)$  lie in a time window  $(t_{end} - t_{begin})$ , which is so selected that no predictable disturbance signals occur on the measuring electrode (3, 4) in this time window  $(t_{end} - t_{begin})$ . On the basis of the response signal determined in the measuring points in time  $(t_1, t_2)$ , the relaxation time (), or the length of time until the reaching of a predetermined state of discharge  $(U_i)$ , of the measuring electrode (3, 4) is determined; on the basis of the determined relaxation time (), or on the basis of the length of time until the reaching of the defined state of discharge  $(U_i)$ , of the measuring electrode (3, 4), a malfunctioning of the measuring electrode (3, 4) is detected, or becomes detectable.

(Fig. 2)